# SPECIALIST DEGREE PROGRAMME 31.05.01 'GENERAL MEDICINE' COURSE (MODULE) 'Pharmacology'

#### **OVERVIEW**

Mode of study full time

Faculty International Institute of Medical Education and Cooperation

Department Pharmacology

Year 3

Semester – 5, 6 – Pharmacology (252 ac.h.) \*ac. h. – academic hours

Lectures – 30 ac.h.

Exam – 6 semester 36 ac.h

Practical classes 96 ac.h Self-study 90 ac.h

Total workload 252 ac.h (7 credits)

The course (module) is devised according to FSES HE requirements approved on February, 9, 2016 by Order of Ministry of Health, Russian Federation) and vocational functions of General Practitioner (primary care physician, district doctor) Professional Standard.

#### 1. THE COURSE AIM AND SCOPE

#### The aim is:

- to form students' skills in the competent selection of the most effective and safe medicines;
- to form alertness to adverse drug reactions, their prophylaxis and treatment;
- to form students' knowledge of pharmacology, principles of evidence-based pharmacology;
- to teach the basics of prescription workflow and the rules for writing prescriptions for medicines, storage and use of medicines.

#### The course focuses on:

- to acquaint students with the history of pharmacology; the contribution of famous scientists to the development of world pharmacology;
- to form knowledge about the role and place of pharmacology among other fundamental and medical sciences, about the development trends of the discipline;
- acquaint students with the stages of drug discovery and research, international standards in preclinical (GLP), clinical (GCP) research and production (GMP) of medicines;
- to teach students to analyze the effect of drugs based on their pharmacological effects, mechanisms of action, pharmacokinetic parameters;
- to teach students to recognize possible side and toxic effects and their clinical manifestations;
- to teach students the principles of writing prescription.

## 2. THE COURSE POSITION IN SPECIALIST DEGREE PROGRAMME 31.05.01 'GENERAL MEDICINE'

The course 'Pharmacology' is taught in the block of professional subjects of 'General Medicine' The background knowledge for the course has been taught in \at

- basic subjects ((Latin, Philosophy, Histology, Cell Biology (Cytology), Normal Physiology, Microbiology, Immunology, Anatomy);
- variable subjects (Bioorganic Chemistry).

#### 3. OUTCOME COMPETENCIES OF THE COURSE

On completing the course a student is expected to

#### A student knows:

basic scientific concepts; basic medical and pharmaceutical terminology in Latin;

the mechanism of drugs action, medical indications and contraindications; unwanted effects and complications;

general principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of drugs, factors that change them, the main adverse and toxic reactions;

classification and characteristics of the main groups of drugs, pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics, indications and contraindications for the use of drugs; types of dosage forms, doses of individual drugs;

main adverse reactions of drugs, their identification, methods of prevention and correction;

general principles of drug prescriptions, generally accepted abbreviations and designations in recipes, the use of the Latin language, the rules for the storage and use of medicines;

classification and basic characteristics of addictive drugs, their pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics, indications and contraindications for use and side effects; signs indicating the non-medical use of narcotic and psychotropic drugs/

#### A student is able to

correctly and logically present educational material, lead a discussion, formulate a personal attitude to the problem;

prescribe drug treatment for medical use in the account of the list of vital essential medicines, as well as age, diagnosis and clinical picture of diseases;

evaluate the effectiveness and safety of drug treatment;

analyze the effects of drugs taking into account the pharmacological interactions and age of the patient;

competently lead the discussion, formulate an attitude to the problem; analyze the problems of the occurrence and prevention of addictive conditions to drugs, as a socially significant problem.

**A student provides** the ability to generalize, analyze, perceive information, set goals and choose ways to achieve it; technology for the acquisition, use and updating of humanitarian natural science, biomedical knowledge.

A student applies the skills of prescribing drug treatment with medicinal products for medical use, taking into account the list of vital essential medicines, as well as the age, diagnosis and clinical picture of diseases. Assess the effectiveness and safety of drugs;

the skills to choose a specific dosage form, dose and route of administration of drugs, taking into account the pathological condition;

skills for predicting the possible interaction of drugs with the combined use of various drugs. skills of moral and ethical argumentation, skills of informing patients and their relatives about the mechanisms of action, side effects, contraindications to the use of drugs that cause dependence.

Learning outcomes	Competency	Competen							
	developed: a	cy code							
	description of								
	(compulsory)								
	threshold level								
1	2	3							
General cultural competences (GCC)									
A student knows:	the ability to	ОК 1							
basic scientific concepts; basic medical and pharmaceutical	abstract thinking,								
terminology in Latin.	analysis,								
A student is able to	synthesis								
correctly and logically present educational material, lead a									
discussion, formulate a personal attitude to the problem.									
A student provides the ability to generalize, analyze, perceive									
information, set goals and choose ways to achieve it;									
technology for the acquisition, use and updating of									
humanitarian natural science, biomedical knowledge.									
General professional competences (GCC)									
A student knows the basics of health legislation and	readiness to keep	ОПК-6							
regulatory documents governing the activities of health	medical records								
authorities and institutions.									
A student is able to prescribe medications for certain diseases									
and pathological states in patients, based on their pharmaco-									
dynamics and pharmacokinetics.									
A student provides reading and writing skills in Latin for the									
terms used to write prescriptions.									

A student knows:	readiness for	ОПК 8
the mechanism of drugs action, medical indications and	medical use of	
contraindications; unwanted effects and complications;	drugs and other	
general principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics	substances and	
of drugs, factors that change them, the main adverse and toxic	their	
reactions;	combinations in	
classification and characteristics of the main groups of drugs,	solving	
pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics, indications and	professional	
contraindications for the use of drugs; types of dosage forms,	problems	
doses of individual drugs;	problems	
main adverse reactions of drugs, their identification, methods		
of prevention and correction;		
general principles of drug prescriptions, generally accepted		
abbreviations and designations in recipes, the use of the Latin		
language, the rules for the storage and use of medicines.		
A student is able to		
prescribe drug treatment for medical use in the account of the		
list of vital essential medicines, as well as age, diagnosis and		
clinical picture of diseases;		
evaluate the effectiveness and safety of drug treatment;		
analyze the effects of drugs taking into account the		
pharmacological interactions and age of the patient.		
pharmacological interactions and age of the patient.		
A student applies the skills of prescribing drug treatment with		
medicinal products for medical use, taking into account the list		
of vital essential medicines, as well as the age, diagnosis and		
clinical picture of diseases. Assess the effectiveness and safety		
of drugs;		
the skills to choose a specific dosage form, dose and route of		
administration of drugs, taking into account the pathological		
condition;		
skills for predicting the possible interaction of drugs with the		
combined use of various drugs.		
Professional competences (GCC	C)	
A student knows classification and basic characteristics of	readiness to	ПК-16
addictive drugs, their pharmacodynamics and	educate on the	
pharmacokinetics, indications and contraindications for use and	elimination of	
side effects; signs indicating the non-medical use of narcotic	risk factors and	
and psychotropic drugs;	the formation of	
A student is able to competently lead the discussion, formulate	skills for a	
an attitude to the problem; analyze the problems of the	healthy lifestyle	
occurrence and prevention of addictive conditions to drugs, as	_	
a socially significant problem.		
A student applies skills of moral and ethical argumentation,		
abilly of informing nationts and their relatives about the	1	1

skills of informing patients and their relatives about the mechanisms of action, side effects, contraindications to the use

of drugs that cause dependence

## 4. THE COURSE (MODULE) 'Pharmacology' SYLLABUS AND CONTENTS

### Total workload is 7 credits (252 ac.h.)

№ π/ π 1	Part (Module)	Семестр semester	ія семестра	Study forms (including self-study and workload in ac.h.)			Formative assessment (weekly) Summative assessment (by semesters)	
		$S_{\mathbf{S}}$	Неделя	Lectur	Practica	Semi	Self-	
			He	es	1	nars	study	
					classes			
1	General principles of Pharmacology.	5		14	48	-	45	Q T C No formal control
2	Pharmacology of systems and organs.	6		16	48	-	45	QTC Exam (36 ac.h.)
		5-6		30	96	-	90	Q T C Exam (36 ac.h.)

## $\mathbf{Q}$ - $\mathbf{Questions}$ , $\mathbf{T}$ –Test , $\mathbf{C}$ – Cases,

Head of Pharmacology Department Associate Professor Berezhnova T.A.